# TATA STEEL



December 2012

# Zinc-coated steel sheet and coils Safety Data Sheet

# Identification of the Substance and company

1.1

Other names:	Hot-dip galvanised steel, HDG, continuously galvanised steel strip, Galvatite.	
Description:	Plain carbon steel sheet that has been hot-dip coated with zinc or zinc-iron alloy.	

#### 1.2

Used in many applications such as construction, automotive, energy/power, transport, defence and security, engineering, consumer products, lifting and excavating and packaging.

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# 2. Hazards Identification

#### 2.1

Zinc coated steel is defined as an article under REACH and does not meet the requirements for classification as dangerous under both the EU Dangerous Substances (67/548/EEC) Directive and secondly according to the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of substances and mixtures (CLP) regulations (EC 1272/2008).

When zinc-coated steel is heated to high temperatures, e.g. during welding or flame cutting, it may emit irritant fumes, which can cause metal fume fever. Repeated contact with protective coatings on the sheet may cause skin problems.

#### 2.2

No label required, no signal word required.

#### 2.3

Pre-finished steel can have sharp edges and corners, and relevant precautions should be taken when handling and storing. Under normal conditions of use and storage these materials are stable and non-toxic. Zinc-coated steels may be coated with a non dangerous oil or chemically passivated surface coating, however prolonged exposure may give rise to skin irritation.

# 3. Composition / information on ingredients

#### 3.1

The plain carbon steel substrates manufactured by Tata Steel Europe are mild steels that contain up to 2.5% total of alloying elements, plus carbon. Depending on customer preference, zinc-coated steels may have a protective film of oil or a chemically passivated surface coating that consists of one or more of the following materials: chromate, phosphate, silicate or titanium-based compounds.



Table showing typical composition of zinc-coated steel

Product area	Substance	EINECS No.	CAS No.	Range (%) by weight	Classification (Dangerous Sub Dir)	Classification (CLP Regs)
	Iron	231-096-4	7439-89-6	Balance	Not classified	Not classified
Steel substrate	Carbon	231-153-3	7440-44-0	0.001 - 0.50	Not classified	Not classified
	Manganese	231-105-1	7439-96-5	0.0 - 2.5	Not classified	Not classified
	Chromium	231-157-3	7440-47-3	0.0 - 0.60	Not classified	Not classified
Zinc coating	Zinc	231-175-3	7440-66-6	Applied up to 300g/m <sup>2</sup> /surface	Not classified	Not classified

## 4. First aid measures

4.1

Skin contact:

Cuts (lacerations) to the skin from sharp steel edges, treat as a normal cut and if required seek medical attention.

Wash if contaminated with oil coating.

Eye contact:

If particles enter the eye then wash the eye with running water for at least ten minutes. Seek medical advice if

irritation persists.

Inhalation:

If hot work such as welding / burning causes exposure to significant concentrations of fume, remove to fresh air.

Seek medical attention if symptoms such as coughing persist.

Ingestion:

None required.

4.2

The most important symptoms and effects for eye exposure are soreness and mechanical irritation.

4.3

Immediate medical attention is required if lacerations are deep.

# 5. Fire fighting measures

Zinc-coated steel is non-flammable and has a high melting point, 1450-1520 ℃ (steel), 419-450 ℃ (zinc) at 1013 hPa.

# 6. Accidental release measures

Zinc-coated steel is sold in sheet form and an accidental spill could not be achieved.

# 7. Handling and Storage

### 7.1 Handling

Zinc-coated steel is sold in many forms, sheet, coils, sections, tube, pipe, plate or in semi finished products. Care should be taken when handling, as there may be sharp edges present. Where required the use of hard wearing (protective) gloves and overalls should be used to prevent cuts and abrasions. Care should be taken when lifting heavy loads and where necessary use appropriate lifting equipment to do so. Coil bundles may be secured by banding straps, which may have been fitted under tension so care should be taken when removing these. Straps or bands should not be used for lifting.

#### 7.2 Storage

Some products may be secured by using straps or bands but they could cause injury to eyes or other injuries when tension is released. There may be sharp edges present, which could cause lacerations. Store in the appropriate facility to prevent damage, use suitable racks or storage pallets. Lifting should always be carried out in a way that prevents injury to the operators and damage to the lifting equipment.





# 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

# 8.1 Control parameters (Occupational Exposure Limits (OELs))

Please note these exposure limits are not directly associated with the product but with possible exposures that may occur when performing certain activities such as welding or cutting.

Current OELs (GESTIS International Limit Values Institut fuer Arbeitsschutz der Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA))

Country in EU with OEL for the	Substance						
relevant substance	Iron oxide (Fe₂O	3 & FeO) as Iron	Zinc oxide (ZnO) as zinc fume/resp dust				
COLOYUME GUIDGEUIIGE	8 hr TWA (mg/m³)	STEL (mg/m³)	8 hr TWA (mg/m³)	STEL (mg/m³)			
Austria	5.0 (resp)	10.0 (resp)	5.0 (resp)				
Belgium	5.0	15.848	5.0	10.0			
Denmark	3.5	7.0	4.0	8.0			
France		***	5.0	70 mg A4			
Germany (AGS)		484	****				
Germany (DFG)	***		1.0 (resp)	1.0 (resp)			
Hungary	6.0 (resp)	****	H Fis				
Poland	5.0	10.0					
Spain	5.0		202				
Sweden	3.5	othe dataset		***			
United Kingdom	5.0		244				
TWA - Time Weighted Average me	asured over an 8 hour pe	riod					
STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit	Value – 15 minute duratio	on					
Resp - Respirable fraction of dust							

## 8.2 Control Measures

Wear suitable gloves, overalls and eye/face protection when handling the pre-finished steel to prevent cuts and abrasions.

If hot work activities such as welding or burning or mechanical abrasion are to take place then local exhaust ventilation (LEV) should be used to remove any fume produced. During the use of LEV systems the manufacturers instructions and guidance should be followed at all times so that there is sufficient capture velocity and the air cleaning system is in good working order. If a large amount of fume is generated then in conjunction with the LEV, use of suitable and approved respiratory protection should be worn if exposure is likely to be above the OEL. Ori-nasal respirators fitted with either a P2 or P3 filter (EN149: FFP2S / FFP3S) may be used when fume levels are high depending on concentration. Manufacturers directions for use must be followed and where applicable an RPE face fit test should be successfully completed before use.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Property	Value used			
Physical State at 20 ℃/ 1013 hPa	Solid			
Form	Zinc coated steels are hard, dense silver coloured metallic materials. If the product has been heated to give the galvannealed product such as Galvatite IZ the surface will have a duil grey appearances			
Melting point	1450-1520 °C at 1013 hPa (steel), 419-450 °C (zinc)			
Boiling point	Not applicable			
Relative density	7.85 kg/dm³ at 20 ℃			
Vapour pressure	Not applicable, steels due to high melting point >1000 ℃			
Surface tension	Not applicable, steels are an inorganic solid with very low aqueous solubility			
Flash point	Not applicable, steels are an inorganic solid with a high melting point >1000 ℃			
Flammability	Non flammable			
Explosive properties	Non explosive			
Oxidising properties	No			
Viscosity	Solid			





# 10. Stability and reactivity

The product is stable under normal conditions. The zinc coating will give rise to fumes containing zinc oxides when heated to high temperatures greater than 419 °C.

## 11. Toxicological information

Under the general applications of this product, health effects should not occur due to the low risk of exposure to minimal hazard material. If the following activities are carried out, mechanical working, such as dry grinding or machining or hot work such as welding and burning, dust / fume will be produced which may be irritant at high concentrations. The principal route of entry into the body is via inhalation as fume/dust.

#### **Acute toxicity**

Excessive fume/dust may cause irritation and can be potentially harmful if inhaled into the body in large amounts over long time periods. This is not expected under general use of the product.

#### Skin corrosion / irritation

The potential furnes/dust arising is not known to be an irritant. However there have been reports of irritation when exposed to dust from white rusting thought to be due to blocking of skin pores with zinc oxide dust.

#### Eye damage / irritation

The potential fumes/dust arising is not known to be an irritant.

#### Respiratory / Skin sensitisation

The potential fumes/dust arising is not known to cause sensitisation.

## Germ cell mutagenicity

No effect.

## Carcinogenicity

No effect.

# Reproductive toxicity

No effect.

## Repeated dose toxicity - Inhalation

Mechanical working, such as dry grinding or machining, will produce dust of the same composition as the coating and base metal. If the product is heated to high temperatures, e.g. during welding or flame cutting, it produces furnes containing oxides of zinc, manganese and iron, and also breakdown products of any protective coating that may have been applied to the product.

The potential effects on health from exposure to furnes generated during hot work include metal furne fever, a short-lasting, self-limiting condition with symptoms similar to influenza. The principal mode of entry into the body is by inhalation. If airborne concentrations are excessive (see section 8.1) over long periods of time they may affect the worker's long-term health

Exposure to iron oxide furne, in excessive concentrations and over long periods of time, may cause a benign condition called siderosis. Repeated inhalation could lead to cumulative effects. This condition is not expected under general use of the product.

# 12. Ecological information

There are no known harmful effects from the product to the environment. Under general application exposure to the environment should not occur.

## 12.1 Toxicity

No effect.

# 12.2 Persistence and Degradability

No effect.

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No effect.

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

No effect.

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Zinc-coated steel is not PBT or vPvB.





# 13. Disposal considerations

Steel products are 100% recyclable and should be recycled at "end of life" in all situations.

## 14. Transport information

Zinc-coated steel is not classified as dangerous under CLP or Dangerous Substances Directive for transport so there is no requirement for transport information. All subheadings in this section are not applicable for this product.

# 15. Regulatory information

#### 15.1

Zinc-coated steel specifications are covered by numerous ISO standards. All steels covered by this safety data sheet comply with the packaging and packaging waste EC Directive 94/62/EEC on heavy metal content. Except for steels protected by chromate passivation, all steels covered by this data sheet comply with the Restriction of Hazardous Substances directive 2002/95/EC and the End of Life Vehicle directive 2000/53/EC. The iron manufactured and used to produce this steel product has been registered under REACH along with any other component where a registration was required.

#### 15.2

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out as zinc-coated steel is defined as an article under REACH and does not require an assessment, plus it is not classified as dangerous under the CLP Regulations (EC)1272/2008 and or the Dangerous Substances Directive (67/548/EEC).

#### 16. Other information

#### Revision

This safety data sheet (SDS) has been produced / revised in line with Annex II of the REACH Regulations (2006) as guidance only, as articles do not require a SDS. Information in this safety data sheet is supplied to inform the customer and should be used where necessary.

This revision is the current version dated June 2011

Previous Versions: July 2007

January 2006

First published: February 1995

# Risk and Safety Phrases according to (67/548/EEC):

No Risk phrases.

# Hazard and Precautionary Statements according to CLP Regulations (EC)1272/2008):

No Hazard statements.

#### References

GESTIS International Limit Values Institut fuer Arbeitsschutz der Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA) – website: <a href="http://bgia-online.hvbg.de/LIMITVALUE/WebForm\_gw.aspx">http://bgia-online.hvbg.de/LIMITVALUE/WebForm\_gw.aspx</a>

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