

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	Galvanneal Steel Sheet Coil	
Other means of identification	None.	
Recommended use	Steel Fabricated Parts.	
Recommended restrictions	None known.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/	Distributor information	
Company name	Steel Dynamics, Inc.	
Address	4500 County Road 59	
	Butler, IN 46721 US US	
Telephone	Telephone	260-868-8000
E-mail	Not available.	
Contact person	Safety Department	
Emergency phone number	Emergency Telephone	800-424-9300
2. Hazard(s) identification		
Physical hazards	Not classified.	
Health hazards	Not classified.	
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	
Label elements		
Hazard symbol	None.	
Signal word	None.	
Hazard statement	None.	
Precautionary statement		
Prevention	Avoid creating dust.	
Response	Wash skin with soap and water.	
Storage	Store away from incompatible materials.	
Disposal	Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.	
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	None known.	

Supplemental information

In its manufactured and shipped state, this product is considered non-hazardous. Processing may generate hazardous fumes and dusts. Welding, cutting and metalizing can generate ozone. Ozone can cause irritation of eyes, nose and respiratory tract.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Iron	7439-89-6	90-100
Coating(s)	-	< 3
Manganese	7439-96-5	0-2
Chromium	7440-47-3	0-1
Silicon	7440-21-3	0-1
Nickel	7440-02-0	0-0.4
Vanadium	7440-62-2	0-0.2

Iron oxide**	1309-37-1	0
Vanadium pentoxide**	1314-62-1	0
Zinc oxide**	1314-13-2	0

The product is an alloy. The alloy surface is galvannealed. Galvanneal coating is an alloy of zinc and iron from the steel substrate. The additional iron causes the coating to be slightly more brittle than standard galvanize coating. As a result, galvanneal coating will sometimes produce a dark powder during processing. This powder is residue from the fractured galvanneal coating. The surface may be passivated with chromic acid leaving residual coating of chrome III and VI compounds. The steel is treated with mineral oil. May liberate hazardous oxides such as iron oxides and vanadium pentoxide at temperatures above the melting point.

Composition comments	All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume. **Iron oxide and vanadium pentoxide are formed at temperatures above the melting point. **Zinc oxide fumes may be formed during burning, cutting, or welding.
4. First-aid measures	
Inhalation	In case of inhalation of fumes from heated product: Move into fresh air and keep at rest. Get medical attention if symptoms persist. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration.
Skin contact	Wash skin with soap and water. In case of burns with hot metal, rinse with plenty of cold water. If burns are severe, consult a physician. If skin irritation or an allergic skin reaction develops, get medical attention.
Eye contact	Any material that contacts the eye should be washed out immediately with water. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms persist or occur after washing.
Ingestion	Solid steel: Not applicable. Dust: Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	High concentrations of freshly formed fumes/dusts of metal oxides can produce symptoms of metal fume fever. Typical symptoms last 12 to 48 hours and are characterized by metallic taste in the mouth, dryness, and irritation of the throat, followed by weakness, muscle pain, fever, and chills.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted. Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	At temperatures above the melting point, may liberate fumes of iron, nickel, and zinc oxide.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Cold solid metal: No special precautions are necessary beyond normal good hygiene practices. See Section 8 of the SDS for additional personal protection advice when handling this product. Hot metal: Avoid contact with hot material. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.
	Collect for recycling.
Environmental precautions	No specific precautions.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Oil coating can make material slippery. Avoid contact with sharp edges and hot surfaces. Use appropriate gloves and tools to ensure safe handling. Use work methods which minimize dust/fume production. Do not breathe fumes and dusts. Observe safety measures suited to the coating(s) when handling, cutting or melting. Follow the recommendations in ANSI Z49.1, Safety in welding and cutting (ANSI=American National Standard Institute). Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Conditions for safe storage	Store in a dry place. Store away from: Oxidizing agents. Acids

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place. Store away from: Oxidizing agents. Acids.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3)	PEL	1 mg/m3	
Iron oxide** (CAS 1309-37-1)	PEL	10 mg/m3	Fume.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	Ceiling	5 mg/m3	Fume.
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	PEL	1 mg/m3	
Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Vanadium pentoxide** (CAS 1314-62-1)	Ceiling	0.5 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
· · ·		0.1 mg/m3	Fume.
Zinc oxide** (CAS 1314-13-2)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		5 mg/m3	Fume.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	
Iron oxide** (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	1.5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Vanadium pentoxide** (CAS 1314-62-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Žinc oxide** (CÁS 1314-13-2)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
,	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	
Iron oxide** (CAS	TWA	5 mg/m3	Dust and fume.
1309-37-1)		C C	
Manganese (CAS	STEL	3 mg/m3	Fume.
7439-96-5)			
	TWA	1 mg/m3	Fume.
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	0.015 mg/m3	
Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
		10 mg/m3	Total
Vanadium (CAS 7440-62-2)	STEL	3 mg/m3	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	TWA	1 mg/m3	
Vanadium pentoxide**	Ceiling	0.05 mg/m3	Fume.
(CAS 1314-62-1)	5		
		0.05 mg/m3	Dust.
Zinc oxide** (CAS	Ceiling	15 mg/m3	Dust.
1314-13-2)	Ũ	5	
	STEL	10 mg/m3	Fume.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Fume.
		5 mg/m3	Dust.
ogical limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).		
	**Iron oxide and venedium pontoxide are formed at temperatures above the melting point **7ing		

Exposure guidelines

**Iron oxide and vanadium pentoxide are formed at temperatures above the melting point. **Zinc oxide fumes may be formed during burning, cutting, or welding.

Adequate ventilation should be provided so that exposure limits are not exceeded. Use local Appropriate engineering controls exhaust when welding, burning, sawing, brazing, grinding or machining to prevent excessive dust or fume exposure.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

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Eye/face protection	Use of safety glasses or goggles is required for welding, burning, sawing, brazing, grinding or machining operations. In addition to safety glasses or goggles, a welding helmet with appropriate shaded shield is required during welding, burning, or brazing. A face shield is recommended, in addition to safety glasses or goggles, during sawing, grinding, or machining.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Wear protective gloves.
Other	Wear suitable protective clothing.
Respiratory protection	Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits.
Thermal hazards	When material is heated, wear gloves to protect against thermal burns. Thermally protective apron and long sleeves are recommended when volume of hot material is significant.
General hygiene considerations	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Observe any medical surveillance requirements.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Solid.
Form	Coil.
Color	Gray.
Odor	None.
Odor threshold	Not applicable.
рН	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	2750 °F (1510 °C) / Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not applicable.
Flash point	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	Not applicable.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or expl	osive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not applicable.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not applicable.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not applicable.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not applicable.
Vapor pressure	Not applicable.
Vapor density	Not applicable.
Relative density	7 - 8
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not applicable.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	Not applicable.
Viscosity	Not applicable.
10. Stability and reactivity	
Reactivity	Stable at normal conditions.
Chemical stability	This product is stable under expected conditions of use.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong acids. Oxidizing agents.
Calvanneal Steel Sheet Coil	

Galvanneal Steel Sheet Coil

At elevated temperatures: Acrid fumes. Carbon oxides. Metal oxides. Nitrogen oxides. Sulfur oxides. Inorganic compounds. Strong Acid Contact: Hydrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	No inhalation hazard under normal conditions. Welding, burning, sawing, brazing, grinding or machining operations may generate fumes and dusts of metal oxides. Inhalation of dust (generated at high temperatures only) or oil mist from this product may cause mild irritation of the upper respiratory tract. Fumes released during processing of mineral oil treated steel surface may cause irritation to the respiratory system. High concentrations: Repeated and prolonged overexposure to oil mists may result in droplet deposition, oil granuloma formation, inflammation and increased incidence of infection in the respiratory tract.
Skin contact	Under normal conditions of intended use, this material does not pose a risk to health. Dust may irritate skin. Oil coating may cause temporary irritation to skin. Skin contact may aggravate an existing dermatitis. Contact with hot material can cause thermal burns which may result in permanent damage.
Eye contact	Under normal conditions of intended use, this material does not pose a risk to health. Contact with hot material can cause thermal burns which may result in permanent damage. Grinding and sanding this product may generate dust. Dust may irritate the eyes.
Ingestion	Solid steel: Not relevant, due to the form of the product. However, ingestion of dusts generated during working operations may cause nausea and vomiting.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. May dry the skin leading to discomfort and dermatitis. Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and cracking. High concentrations of freshly formed fumes/dusts of metal oxides can produce symptoms of metal fume fever. Typical symptoms last 12 to 48 hours and are characterized by metallic taste in the mouth, dryness, and irritation of the throat, followed by weakness, muscle pain, fever, and chills. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort.
Information on table dealers of the	

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	
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Processing may generate hazardous fumes and dusts. Welding, cutting and metalizing can generate ozone. Ozone can cause irritation of eyes, nose and respiratory tract.

Components	Species Test Results		
Iron (CAS 7439-89-6)			
Acute			
Inhalation			
LC50	Rat	250 mg/m3, 6 hours, (Carbonyl iron)	
Oral			
LD50	Rat	7500 mg/kg	
Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)			
Acute			
Inhalation			
LC50	Rat	> 2.08 mg/l, 4 hours	
Oral			
LD50	Rat	3160 mg/kg	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Dust may irritate skin.		
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Dust may irritate the eyes.		
Respiratory or skin sensitization			
Respiratory sensitization	Not relevant, due to the form of the product. Contains nickel: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. This ingredient is bound within the product and release is not expected under normal condition.		
Skin sensitization	Contains nickel: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Mineral oil: Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause redness, itching, irritation, eczema/chapping and oil acne. This ingredient is bound within the product and release is not expected under normal condition.		
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not relevant, due to the form of the product. May liberate hazardous vanadium pentoxide at temperatures above the melting point. Vanadium pentoxide is classified as suspected of causing genetic defects. This ingredient is bound within the product and release is not expected under normal condition.		

Carcinogenicity	Not relevant, due to the form of the product. May liberate hazardous oxides such as iron oxides and vanadium pentoxide at temperatures above the melting point. Inhalation of high concentrations of iron oxide may possibly enhance the risk of lung cancer development in workers exposed to pulmonary carcinogens. Vanadium pentoxide is classified as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B) by IARC. This ingredient is bound within the product and release is not expected under normal condition.		
IARC Monographs. Overall E	Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
Chromium (CAS 7440-47-	-3)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Iron oxide** (CAS 1309-37-1)		3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)		2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	
Vanadium pentoxide** (C/		2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	
NTP Report on Carcinogens			
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)		Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.	
OSHA Specifically Regulated	d Substances (29 CFR 1910.10	01-1050)	
Not listed.			
Reproductive toxicity	Not relevant, due to the form of the product. May liberate hazardous vanadium pentoxide at temperatures above the melting point. Vanadium pentoxide is classified as suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. This ingredient is bound within the product and release is not expected under normal condition.		
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	No data available.		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not relevant, due to the form of the product. Contains Maganese: Causes damage to organs (lung) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. This ingredient is bound within the product and release is not expected under normal condition.		
Aspiration hazard	Due to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard.		
Chronic effects	Frequent inhalation of dust over a long period of time increases the risk of developing asthma, chronic lung diseases, and skin irritation. Chronic inhalation of high concentrations of iron oxide fumes or dust may lead to benign pneumoconiosis (siderosis). Exposure to manganese fume/dust can affect the central nervous system (apathy, drowsiness, weakness and other chronic symptoms such as postural tremors). Pre-existing skin and respiratory conditions including dermatitis, asthma and chronic lung disease might be aggravated by exposure. The ingredients of the alloy are bound within the product and release is not expected under normal conditions.		

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

The environmental hazard of the product is considered to be limited.

Components		Species	Test Results	
Zinc oxide** (CAS 1314-13-2	Zinc oxide** (CAS 1314-13-2)			
Aquatic				
Crustacea	LC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	0.098 mg/l, 48 hours	
Persistence and degradability	No data available.			
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.			
Mobility in soil	Not relevant, due to the form of the product.			
Other adverse effects	None know	vn.		

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Dispose waste and residues in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local regulations.
Hazardous waste code	Not regulated.
Waste from residues / unused products	Disposal recommendations are based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal. Recover and recycle, if practical.
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

י IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

15. Regulatory infor					
US federal regulations	OSHA 29 C	FR 1910.1200.	, this material may be c J.S. EPA TSCA Invento	onsidered to be hazard ory List.	ous in accordance with
TSCA Section 12(b)	Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Su	ıbpt. D)		
Not regulated. OSHA Specifically R Not listed.	-		.1001-1050)		
CERCLA Hazardous	•	CFR 302.4)			
Chromium (CAS Manganese (CAS Nickel (CAS 7440 Vanadium pentox Zinc oxide** (CAS	S 7439-96-5) 0-02-0) kide** (CAS 1314-62-1)	LISTED LISTED LISTED LISTED LISTED		
Superfund Amendments Hazard categories		Hazard - No azard - No I - No azard - No	SARA)		
SARA 302 Extremely	/ hazardous substar	ice			
Chemical name	CAS number	Reportable quantity	Threshold planning quantity	Threshold planning quantity, lower value	Threshold planning quantity, upper value
Vanadium pentoxide**	1314-62-1	1000		100 lbs	10000 lbs
SARA 311/312 Hazar chemical	dous Yes				
SARA 313 (TRI repor Chemical name	rting)		CAS number	% by wt.	
Manganese Chromium Nickel			7439-96-5 7440-47-3 7440-02-0	0-2 0-1 0-0.4	
Other federal regulations	6				
Clean Air Act (CAA)	Section 112 Hazardo	ous Air Pollutar	nts (HAPs) List		
Chromium (CAS Manganese (CAS Nickel (CAS 7440	S 7439-96-5) D-02-0)	.			
	Section 112(r) Accid	lental Release I	Prevention (40 CFR 68	3.130)	
Not regulated. Safe Drinking Water (SDWA)	Act Not regulate	ed.			
US state regulations	WARNING:	This product co	ntains chemical(s) kno	wn to the State of Califo	ornia to cause cancer.
•	etts RTK - Substance	•			
Chromium (C Iron oxide** (Manganese Nickel (CAS Silicon (CAS Vanadium (C Vanadium pe	CAS 7440-47-3) (CAS 1309-37-1) (CAS 7439-96-5) 7440-02-0) 7440-21-3) CAS 7440-62-2) entoxide** (CAS 1314				
	(CAS 1314-13-2)				SD61

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3) Iron oxide** (CAS 1309-37-1) Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5) Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3) Vanadium (CAS 7440-62-2) Vanadium pentoxide** (CAS 1314-62-1) Zinc oxide** (CAS 1314-13-2)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3) Iron oxide** (CAS 1309-37-1) Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5) Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3) Vanadium (CAS 7440-62-2) Vanadium pentoxide** (CAS 1314-62-1) Zinc oxide** (CAS 1314-13-2)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3) Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5) Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Vanadium (CAS 7440-62-2) Vanadium pentoxide** (CAS 1314-62-1) Zinc oxide** (CAS 1314-13-2)

US. California Proposition 65

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Vanadium pentoxide** (CAS 1314-62-1)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region Inventory name

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s). A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	13-January-2015
Revision date	-
Version #	01
HMIS® ratings	Health: 0 Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0
Disclaimer	This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment. SDS's for specific coatings are available upon request.

On inventory (yes/no)* Yes